The amended notice applicable to TA–W–36,949 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Plant No. 1 and Plant No. 2 of Spring Ford Industries, Inc., Chilhowie, Virginia (TA–W–36,949) and Sparta Plant, Sparta, North Carolina (TA–W–36,949A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after September 28, 1998 through January 19, 2002 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 24th day of March, 2000.

Grant D. Beale,

Program Manager, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 00-8239 Filed 4-3-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[Docket No. NAFTA-03610 and 03610A]

GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc., Hazleton, Pennsylvania and Milford, Connecticut; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(A), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on January 13, 2000, applicable to workers of GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc., Hazleton, Pennsylvania. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on February 4, 2000 (65 FR 5691).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The company reports that worker separations occurred at the Milford, Connecticut location of GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc. The Milford, Connecticut workers provide administrative functions, designing and customer services to support the production of filtration equipment at the Hazleton, Pennsylvania facility.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc. who were adversely affected by increased imports from Canada.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include worker, of GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc., Milford, Connecticut.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA—03610 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of GL&V/Dorr-Oliver, Inc., Hazleton, Pennsylvania (NAFTA–03610) and Milford, Connecticut (NAFTA–3610A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 23, 1998 through January 13, 2002 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 24th day of March, 2000.

Grant D. Beale.

Program Manager, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 00–8241 Filed 4–3–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

Proposed Information Collection Request Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations; Notification of Methane Detected in Mine Atmosphere

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) [44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)]. This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed.

DATES: Submit comments on or before June 5, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Theresa M. O'Malley, Program Analysis Officer, Office of Program Evaluation and Information Resources, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Room 715, Arlington, VA 22203–1984. Commenters are encouraged to send their comments on a computer disk, or via Internet E-mail to tomalley@msha.gov, along with an original printed copy. Ms. O'Malley can be reached at (703) 235–1470 (voice), or (703) 235–1563 (facsimile).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Theresa M. O'Malley, Program Analysis Officer, Office of Program Evaluation and Information Resources, U.S. Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Room 719, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22203–1984. Ms. O'Malley can be reached at tomalley@msha.gov (Internet E-mail), (703) 235–1470 (voice), or (703) 235–1563 (facsimile).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Sections 103(c), (i), and (j) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 authorize the recordkeeping and reporting requirements implemented in 30 CFR 57, Subpart T-Safety Standards for Methane in Metal and Nonmetal mines. Methane is a flammable gas found in underground mining. Methane is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas, and it tends to rise to the roof of a mine because it is lighter than air. Although methane itself is nontoxic, its presence reduces the oxygen content by dilution when mixed with air, and consequently can act as an asphyxiant when present in large quantities. Methane mixed with air is explosive in the range of 5 to 15 percent, provided that 12 percent or more oxygen is present. The presence of dust containing volatile matter in the mine atmosphere may further enhance the explosion potential of methane in a mine.

Metal and Nonmetal mine operators are required to notify MSHA as soon as possible if any of the following events occur: (a) there is an outburst that results in 0.25 percent or more methane in the mine atmosphere; (b) there is a blowout that results in 0.25 percent or more methane in the mine atmosphere; (c) there is an ignition of methane; (d) air sample results indicate 0.25 percent or more methane in the mine atmosphere of a Subcategory I-B, I-C, II-B, V-B, or Category VI mine; If methane reaches 2.0 percent in a Category IV mine; or methane reaches 0.25 percent in the mine atmosphere of a Subcategory I-B, II-B, V-B, and VI mines, MSHA shall be notified immediately. MSHA investigates the occurrence to determine that the mine is placed in the proper category to follow appropriate precautionary standards.

II. Desired Focus of Comments

Currently, the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) is soliciting comments concerning the proposed extension of the information collection related to the Notification of Methane Detected in Mine Atmospheres. MSHA is particularly interested in comments which:

* evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;